## CIVIL SUPPLIES

## **DEPARTMENT OF FOOD, SUPPLIES & CONSUMER AFFAIRS**

# Major Achievement under Annual Plan 2013-14

- Delhi has been made kerosene free with successful implementation of plan scheme "Kerosene Free City LPG Connections for EWS". Under the scheme, about 2 lakh free LPG connections were issued and free chullah with regulator and suraksha pipe has been provided to two lakh families belonging to Below Poverty Line (BPL), Anntodaya Ann Yojana and Jhuggi Ration Card holders who were using kerosene for cooking. The Government of Delhi incurred an expenditure of ₹27/- crores on the scheme. The allocation of kerosene under Public Distribution System has been completely stopped from October 2013. This will save an amount of ₹ 200 crore every year otherwise spent on kerosene subsidy by Govt. of India.
- Delhi became the first State in the country to implement the National Food Security Act, 2013. 32.39 lakh people are receiving benefits of food security since 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2013. About 4 lakh new beneficiaries selected under the Act are going to get the food items by July, 2014. Process for inclusion of remaining eligible households is underway. Coverage of around 73 lakh beneficiaries has been targeted for Delhi.
- Dilli Annashree Yojana, a direct cash transfer scheme was also implemented successfully during 2013-14 and one lakh households were provided subsidy under the scheme through the bank account in the name of eldest female of the households. From the current financial year the scheme has been merged with the food security.

#### 1. DILLI ANNASHREE SCHEME

#### Annual Plan Outlay 2014-15 : ₹ 2400 Lakh

Dilli Annashree Yojna was implemented with effect from 15-12-2012 to provide food security through direct cash transfer to the most vulnerable and vulnerable households who were not covered by either BPL cards or food supply under the Annapurna/ Antodaya yojna. Under the scheme monthly food subsidy of ₹ 600/- is transferred directly in the bank account of beneficiary. One lakh beneficiaries have been covered under this scheme so far. 'The National Food Security Act, 2013' has been implemented in Delhi with effect from 1st September,2013. Over all ceiling of the people to be provided food security has been fixed by GOI as 73 lakh people in Delhi. The eligible households are provided SFAs (wheat and rice) at highly subsidized rates. Government of Delhi has decided to merge Dilli Annashree Yojna with National Food Security and provide food grains to the households who were covered under Annashree Yojna. The payment under Dilli Annashree Yojna will be stopped from the current financial year. Outlay of ₹ 24 crore has been kept for settlement of past payment and liabilities.

## 2. KEROSENE FREE CITY - LPG CONNECTION FOR EWS

## Annual Plan Outlay 2014-15 : ₹ 10 Lakh

Govt. has decided to make Delhi as Kerosene Free City in the 2012-13. Under this scheme Govt. of NCT of Delhi has provided free LPG connection with a LPG filled cylinder along with two burner chullah and other accessories to kerosene user cardholders. The scheme was launched on 21-08-2012. The total number of kerosene oil users as per ePDS data base in Delhi are 356395, out of these 2,14,149 applications was received and 192674 gas connections have been released up to 2013-14. The scheme has almost achieved its objectives. The budget has been kept for releasing around 1000 connections for left out cases/ disputed cases during 2014-15.

## 3. Setting up of State Food Commission (New Plan Scheme)

#### Annual Plan Outlay 2014-15 : ₹ 490 Lakh

A new plan scheme "State Food Commission" under the National Food Security Act, 2013 has been introduced in the budget 2014-15. Under the Act GOI provides wheat and rice at highly subsidized rates to the eligible households. The Act provides that every State Govt. may, by notification, constitute a State Food Commission for the purpose of monitoring and review of implementation of this Act. The Commission shall consist Chairperson, 05 other members and member secretary. The State Govt. shall make available to the Commission, such administrative and technical staff, as it may consider necessary for proper functioning for the Commission.

### 4. Computerization of Targeted Public Distribution (TPDS) (New Plan Scheme)

#### Annual Plan Outlay 2014-15 : ₹ 600 Lakh

Department of Food & Public Distribution under Ministry of Consumers Affairs , Govt. of India is implementing a plan scheme on "End to End Computerization of TPDS Operation" under 12th Five Year Plan (2012-17) on cost sharing between Centre and State on 50:50 basis. Component –I of the scheme comprises activities, namely , digitization of ration cards/ beneficiaries and other databases, computerization of supply chain management, setting up of transparency portals and grievance redressal mechanism. The  $1^{\rm st}$  phase of computerization has already been done through NIC in Delhi.

The Component –II of the scheme is to be implemented for FPS automation integrating enrollment data of Aadhar and National Population Register(NPR), connectivity at FPS etc. The scheme as per GOI guidelines is to be funded in the ratio of 50:50 by GOI and GNCTD. Likely state share in the c.f.y for the project is ₹ 6 crore assuming the total cost of ₹ 12.05 crore as projected by the Department.